

## ACPSA State Data Table Definitions

### **ACPSA State Economic Impact Data Tables (2001-2015)**

This table reports value added and the value added “location quotient,” by state, for the years spanning 2001-2015.

Ind2D: Industry Code, for example, Ind2D “10” refers to arts and cultural construction.

Title: Title of the industry.

Valueadded: value added to state gross state product from arts and cultural production.

valueaddedLQ: value added location quotient, “LQ.”

### **ACPSA State Employment and Compensation Data Tables (2001-2015)**

This table reports arts and cultural employment, and the associated “location quotients,” by state, for the years spanning 2001-2015.

Ind2D: Industry Code, for example, Ind2D “10” refers to arts and cultural construction.

Title: Title of the industry.

totetot: Total employment in all industries.

totwtot: Compensation from employment in all industries.

empratio: Percent of industry employment that produces arts and cultural goods and services.

wagratio: Percent of industry compensation associated with the production of arts and cultural goods and services.

etot: Arts and cultural employment.

wtot: Arts and cultural compensation.

employLQ: Arts and cultural employment location quotient, “LQ.”

compLQ: Arts and cultural compensation location quotient, “LQ.”

### **Definitions**

Value added: Value-added consists of the gross output of an industry, less its intermediate inputs such as energy and raw materials. Value-added is the contribution of an industry to gross state product (GSP).

Location quotient: Location quotients (LQ) measure an industry’s state concentration of value-added (or employment or compensation) relative to the U.S. industry’s share. For example, a value-added LQ of 1.2 indicates that the state’s value by the industry in question is 20 percent greater than that industry’s national share. A LQ of 0.8 indicates that the state’s value added by the industry is 20 percent below the industry’s national value-added share.